

# Sine Law: Yes or No?

## Learning Goal

### *Minds on Math...*

#### **Sine Law: Yes or No?**

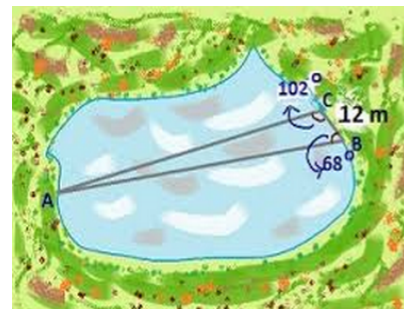
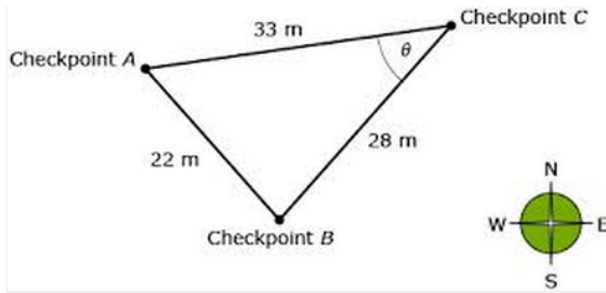
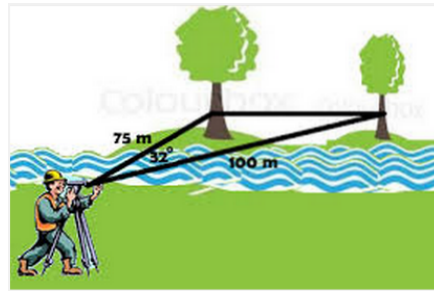
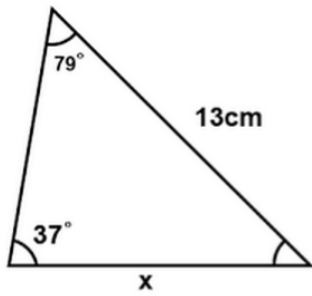
- Decide whether the following can be solved using the *Sine Law*
- Justify your decisions

Survey Link

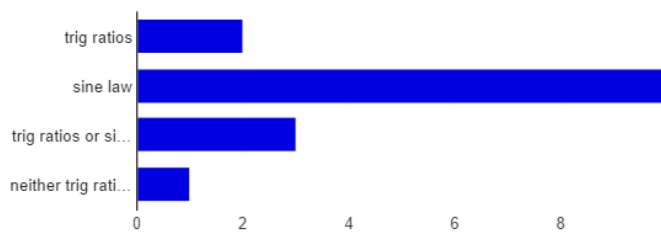
<http://goo.gl/forms/lmwxwmfgQv>



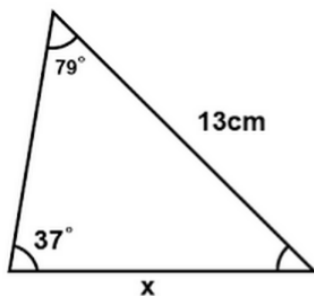
# Survey Images



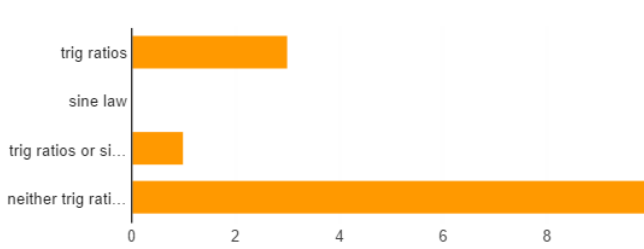
For the triangle shown, would you use the trig ratios (sin, cos, or tan), the sine law, both, or neither?



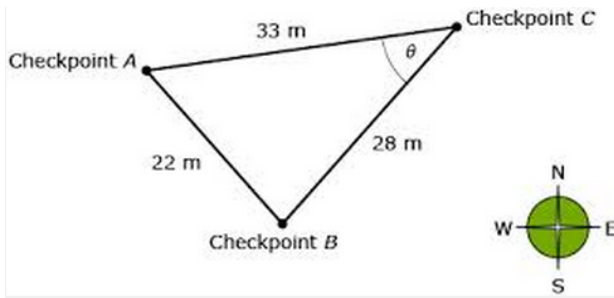
trig ratios	2	14.3%
sine law	10	71.4%
trig ratios or sine law	3	21.4%
neither trig ratios nor sine law	1	7.1%



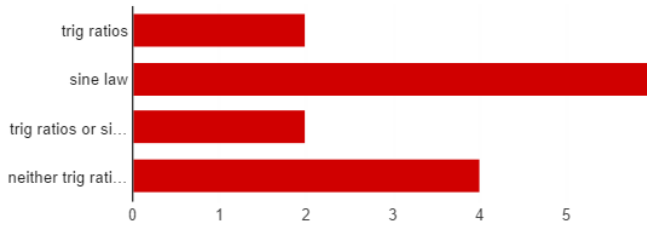
For the triangle below, would you use the trig ratios (sin, cos, tan), sine law, both, or neither?



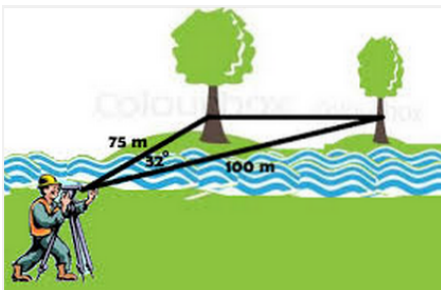
trig ratios	3	21.4%
sine law	0	0%
trig ratios or sine law	1	7.1%
neither trig ratios nor sine law	10	71.4%



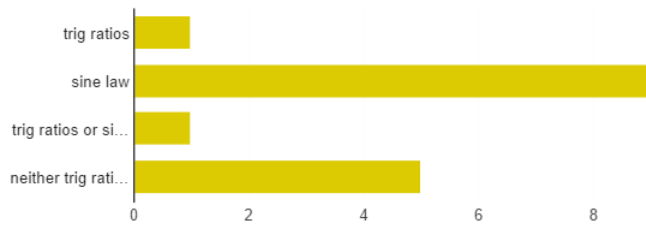
For the triangle below, would you use the trig ratios, sine law, both, or neither?



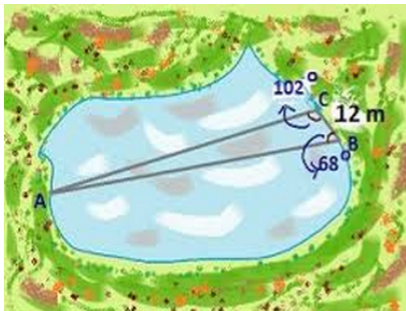
trig ratios	2	14.3%
sine law	6	42.9%
trig ratios or sine law	2	14.3%
neither trig ratios nor sine law	4	28.6%



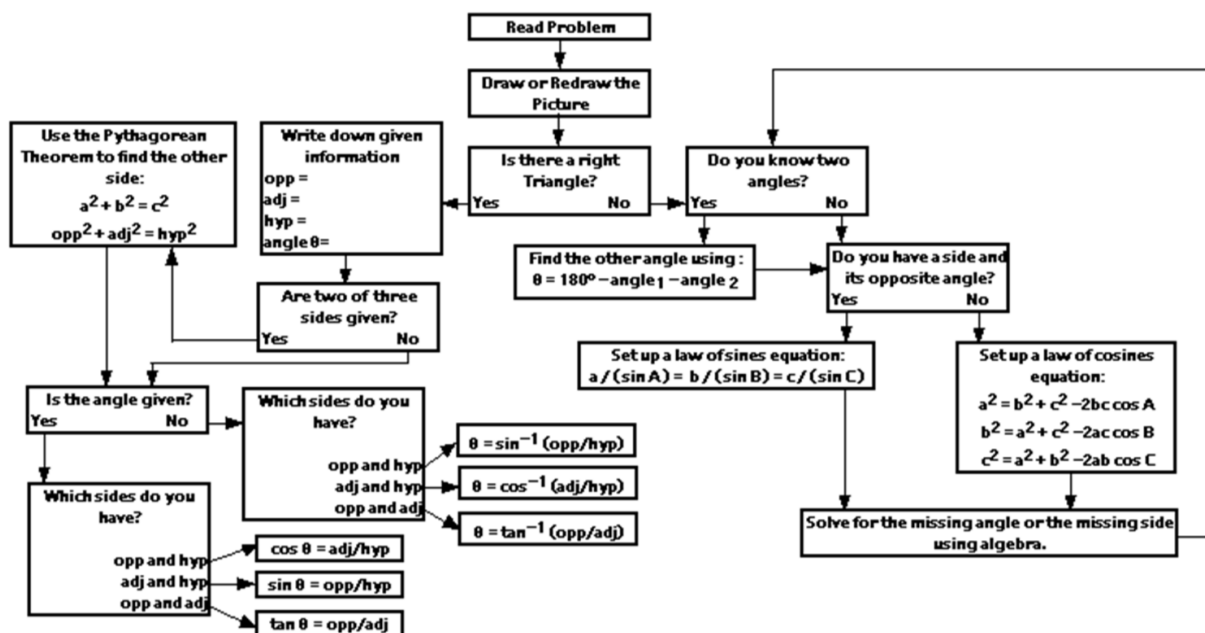
For the triangle below, would you use the trig ratios, sine law, both, or neither?



trig ratios	1	7.1%
sine law	9	64.3%
trig ratios or sine law	1	7.1%
neither trig ratios nor sine law	5	35.7%



## Formula Flowchart for Trigonometry

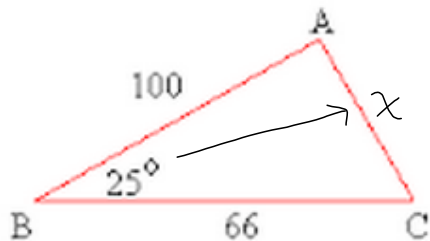


Source: <http://newton.burney.ws/math/guides/trigflowchart.gif>

# The Cosine Law

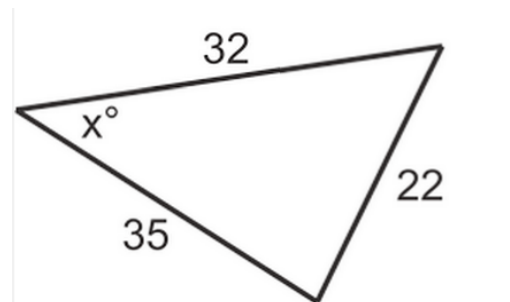
The Cosine Law is used in non-right triangles in these two instances:

## SAS



Calculate the length of the side across from the angle

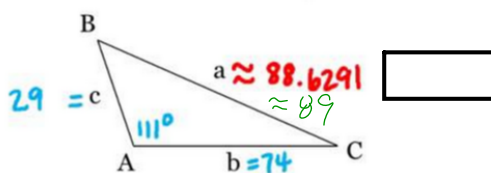
## SSS



Calculate the measure of any angle

## Example: SAS

Ex: Let  $\triangle ABC$  be an oblique triangle with  $A = 111^\circ$ ,  $b = 74$ , and  $c = 29$ . Solve the triangle.



### Law of Cosines:

Suppose a triangle has angles  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$  with opposite sides of  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$ , respectively. Then, the law of cosines says the following.

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 &= b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A \\ b^2 &= a^2 + c^2 - 2ac \cos B \\ c^2 &= a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos C \end{aligned}$$

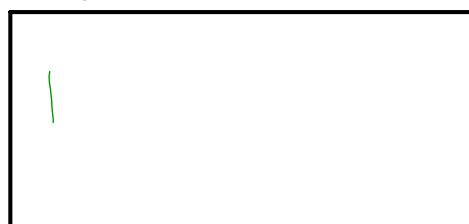
$\leftarrow A, b, c$

$$a^2 = (74)^2 + (29)^2 - 2(74)(29)\cos 111^\circ$$

$$a = \sqrt{(74)^2 + (29)^2 - 2(74)(29)\cos 111^\circ}$$

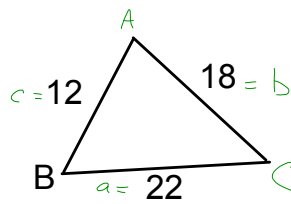
$$\approx 88.6291$$

$$\approx 89$$



### Example: SSS

Solve for angle B to the nearest tenth.



$$b^2 = c^2 + a^2 - (2ac \cdot \cos B)$$

$18^2 = 12^2 + 22^2 - (2(12)(22) \cos B)$	Law of Cosines
$324 = 144 + 484 - (2(12)(22) \cos B)$	Simplify squares
$324 = 144 + 484 - (528 \cos B)$	Multiply
$324 = 628 - (528 \cos B)$	Add
$\frac{-304}{-528} = \frac{-528 \cos B}{-528}$	Subtract 628
$0.575757576 = \cos B$	Divide by $-528$
$54.8^\circ \approx B$	$\cos^{-1}(0.575757576)$



### Practice:

MBF 3C:

p39 #1a, 2b, 5, 7

MAP 4C:

p110 #1a, 4b, 8, 12