MBF 3C

Quiz: S=O/H, C=A/H, T=O/A

Name: Solutions

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

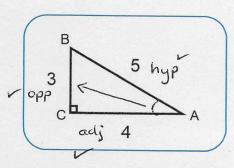
Course expectation you're working on...

\_\_\_\_ Students will solve problems, including those that arise from real-world applications (e.g., surveying, navigation), by determining the measures of the sides and angles of right triangles using the primary trigonometric ratios.

- Answer each of the following on the quiz paper in the spaces provided.
- Show each of the steps in your thinking process.
- Make sure that your calculator is in DEG (or D) mode!
- 1. Using angle A as your reference angle, label the opp, adj and hyp.
- 2. The sin ratio for angle A in the above triangle can be written as  $sin A = \frac{3}{5}$ .

Write the cosine and tangent ratios for angle A.

a) 
$$\cos A = \frac{4}{5}$$
 b)  $\tan A = \frac{3}{4}$ 



3. Use one of the inverse trig ratios  $(sin^{-1}, cos^{-1}, or tan^{-1})$  and its corresponding ratio in #2 to find the measure of angle A. Round angle A to the nearest degree.

$$A = \sin^{-1}(3\div5)$$
 or  $A = \cos^{-1}(4\div5)$  or  $A = +an^{-1}(3\div4)$   
 $= 37^{\circ}$ 

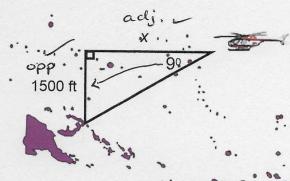
4. Determine the measure of the remaining angle in the given triangle—angle B.

$$127^{\circ} + \angle B = 180^{\circ}$$
  
 $\angle B = 180^{\circ} - 127^{\circ}$   
 $\angle B = 53^{\circ}$ 

5. Consider the following scenario.

A rescue helicopter is flying horizontally at an altitude of 1500 feet over Georgian Bay toward Beau-soleil Island. The angle between the horizontal and the island is  $9^{\circ}$ .

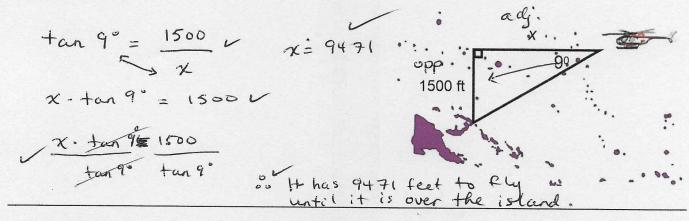
a) What trig ratio (sin, cos, or tan) would you use to determine how much farther the helicopter must fly before it is above the island?



Clearly explain your choice.

Since the opposite side length (1500 ft)
is given, and the horizontal distance, x, is required (Over >)
(adjacent to the 9° angle), the tangent ratio can
be used to solve for x.

b) Calculate this distance (i.e., the horizontal distance) using the trig ratio you've chosen in a). Round your answer to the nearest foot.



For 'Office' Use Only

tan 9° = 1500

$$\frac{1}{x}$$
 $\frac{0.1584}{1} = \frac{1500}{x}$ 
 $\frac{300}{1} = \frac{300}{x}$ 
 $\frac{300}{1} = \frac$